



REPORT  
OF THE  
COMMISSIONER  
OF THE GÁRDA SÍOCHÁNA  
ON CRIME

FOR THE YEAR  
1951

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DUBLIN,  
PUBLISHED BY THE STATIONERY OFFICE

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# ANNUAL REPORT.

TO THE MINISTER FOR JUSTICE.

Sir,

I beg to submit herewith my Annual Report on Crime for the year ended 31st December, 1951.

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## PART I.

### INDICTABLE OFFENCES.

A total of 14,127 indictable offences were reported or became known to the Garda Síochána during the year 1951, which is 1,896 more than the total for the year 1950.

Proceedings were taken in 7,501 cases.

The variations in the number of crimes in 1951 over the year 1950, are shown in the following groups :—

GROUPS	Number of Crimes recorded	
	1951	1950
Group I—Offences against the Person	446	499
Group II—Offences against Property with Violence	2,996	2,445
Group III—Offences against Property without Violence	10,513	9,157
Group IV—Other Offences	172	130
TOTALS	14,127	12,231

The number of persons charged with indictable offences in the year 1951, was 7,608. The number of persons convicted was 3,260, and the charges against a further 3,074 persons were held proved and the Probation of Offenders Act was applied.

For details of indictable offences and proceedings see Appendix A.

Comparative figures of indictable offences, proceedings and persons proceeded against, in the years 1946 to 1951 are given in the following table :—

YEAR.	No. of offences reported or known to the Garda.	No. of offences in which proceedings were instituted.	No. of Persons proceeded against.
1951	14,127	7,501	7,608
1950	12,231	6,995	6,889
1949	12,171	7,029	6,657
1948	14,949	7,963	7,906
1947	15,329	8,467	8,561
1946	15,078	7,955	8,472

Particulars of indictable offences and detections in each Garda Division and in the Garda Districts of the cities of Cork, Limerick, Waterford and Galway in the year 1951, are given in Appendix B.

Indictable offences, proceedings and persons proceeded against in 1951, are set out in the following group classification :—

GROUP.	No. of offences known to the Garda.	No. of offences in which proceedings were instituted.	No. of Persons proceeded against.
I. Offences against the Person ... ..	446	348	421
II. Offences against Property with Violence.	2,996	1,865	2,201
III. Offences against Property without Violence ... ..	10,513	5,158	4,854
IV. Offences not included in the above Groups.	172	130	132
TOTALS ... ..	14,127	7,501	7,608

#### GROUP I—OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON.

Offences of Murder, Manslaughter, Wounding, Assault, Intimidation, Cruelty to and Abandoning of Children and Sexual Offences are included in this Group.

Comparative figures for offences recorded in this Group and the number and percentage of cases in which proceedings were

instituted in the years 1946 to 1951 are given in the following table :—

YEAR	No. of offences known to the Garda.	No. of offences in which proceedings were instituted	Percentage of offences in which proceedings were instituted
1951	446	348	78%
1950	499	421	84%
1949	496	430	87%
1948	535	465	87%
1947	436	381	87%
1946	549	452	82%

#### MURDER (OF PERSONS AGED ABOVE ONE YEAR).

Two murders of persons aged above one year were recorded in the year 1951. In one case the offender committed suicide. Proceedings were taken in the second case and resulted in an acquittal.

Brief particulars are :—

##### *Co. Kilkenny.*

On 7th October, 1951, an elderly woman was shot dead by her brother-in-law, with whom she resided. The parties were known to quarrel. The offender committed suicide, having first seriously wounded himself by the discharge of a shot-gun he then cut his throat with a razor.

##### *Co. Mayo.*

On 19th December, 1951, an elderly farmer was found, with head injuries, on the floor of his home in front of the fire. He was removed to hospital where he died on 25th December, 1951. A Post Mortem examination revealed that death was due to a fractured skull and that the injuries were not consistent with a statement by deceased that he had injured himself by a fall. A youth of labouring class was arrested and charged with the murder, the motive for which was believed to be robbery. At the Central Criminal Court on 6th May, 1952, he was found "Not Guilty" and was discharged.

#### MURDER (OF INFANTS AGED ONE YEAR AND UNDER).

Two murders of infants aged one year and under were recorded in the year 1951. In one case the dead body of a male infant was found in a shopping bag under a seat in a Waiting Room at a Railway Station. Death had been caused by deliberate strangulation. In the second case the naked dead body of a female

infant was found inside a wall on the outskirts of a town. Death was due to manual strangulation.

No one was made amenable in either case.

#### INFANTICIDE.

One case of infanticide was recorded in year 1951, in which the dead body of a male infant was found wrapped in cloth in a suitcase in the bedroom of a domestic servant. Death was due to suffocation. An arrest was made and at the Dublin Circuit Court the accused was convicted and was ordered to come up for sentence if and when called upon.

#### ATTEMPT TO MURDER.

Four crimes of Attempt to Murder were recorded in the year 1951. Proceedings were taken in three cases, and in the fourth case the offender was certified to be insane.

Brief particulars are :—

##### *Co. Louth.*

On 10th January, 1951, a farmer's daughter was attacked by another girl who inflicted serious injuries on her face and neck with a razor. The offender had been keeping company with a young man to whom the injured party was engaged to be married. The offender was certified to be insane and was committed to a Mental Hospital.

##### *Co. Cork.*

On 25th October, 1951, a ladies hairdresser was attacked in her place of employment by a married man with whom she had been keeping company. She was severely beaten about the head with a blunt instrument and an attempt was made at manual strangulation which rendered her unconscious. An arrest was made, and at the Central Criminal Court on 28th April, 1952, the accused was convicted and sentenced to six years' Penal Servitude.

##### *Dublin Metropolitan Area.*

On 23rd December, 1951, a young member of the Defence Forces was shot and seriously wounded by a revolver bullet fired at him by another young soldier. The shooting was the outcome of jealousy concerning the company of a young girl in whom both were interested. The offender was arrested and at the Central Criminal Court on 25th February, 1952, he was convicted and sentenced to six years' Penal Servitude.

##### *Dublin Metropolitan Area.*

On 28th December, 1951, a Bank premises was entered by armed men, one of whom grabbed a sum of money and fired a shot from a revolver point blank at an official, wounding him so seriously that for some time his life was in danger. Four young men were arrested and charged. At the Central Criminal Court on 29th February, 1952, the four were convicted and sentenced to terms of Penal Servitude varying from 14 years to 8 years.

No crime of Attempted Murder was recorded in the year 1950.

#### THREATS, CONSPIRACY, ETC., TO MURDER.

Three crimes of threatening to murder were recorded in the year 1951. Proceedings were taken in two cases.

Brief particulars are :—

##### *Dublin Metropolitan Area.*

On 31st October, 1951, the Governor of a Bank received through the Post an anonymous letter in which the writer threatened him with death by shooting. The letter was believed to have been written by a person of unbalanced mind. No one was made amenable.

##### *Dublin Metropolitan Area.*

On 21st November, 1951, a married woman living apart from her husband received from him a registered letter in which he threatened to kill her within a month. The husband was arrested and charged. He was convicted and sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment with Hard Labour which sentence was suspended on condition that he enter into recognizances to keep the peace for two years.

##### *Co. Louth.*

On 9th December, 1951, a notice was tied on a gate of a Co. Council cottage, from which the tenant had been ejected for non-payment of rent, threatening to shoot or burn out any person who would take the cottage. An arrest was made and the accused was sentenced to two months imprisonment which sentence was suspended on condition that he enter into recognizances to keep the peace for twelve months.

No crime of Threatening to Murder was recorded in the year 1950.

#### MANSLAUGHTER (OTHER THAN TRAFFIC FATALITIES).

Three crimes of Manslaughter (other than Traffic Fatalities) were recorded in the year 1951.

Brief particulars are :—

##### *Dublin Metropolitan Area.*

On 20th January, 1951, during an altercation between two young men, one man was knocked to the ground and he died as a result of injuries sustained by the fall. A prosecution followed, and at the Dublin Circuit Court on 18th April, 1951, a verdict of "Not Guilty" was returned.

##### *Co. Westmeath.*

On 16th May, 1951, a building contractor was shot dead during an altercation on his father's premises. His father was arrested and charged. At the Central Criminal Court on 23rd October, 1951, he was convicted and sentenced to three years' Penal Servitude.

##### *Co. Tipperary.*

On 7th December, 1951, a middle-aged farmer was attacked by a young labourer who beat him so severely that he died on 11th December, 1951. The parties were known to have had previous disputes. The offender was arrested and charged. At Clonmel Circuit Court on 14th March, 1952, he was convicted and was sentenced to eighteen months' imprisonment.

Five crimes of Manslaughter (other than Traffic Fatalities) were recorded in the year 1950.

#### MANSLAUGHTER (TRAFFIC FATALITIES).

Three crimes of Manslaughter (Traffic Fatalities) were recorded in the year 1951. Proceedings were taken and the accused in two cases were convicted. The accused in the third case is awaiting trial.

Three crimes were recorded in the year 1950, also.

#### WOUNDING, ETC. (FELONIES).

Nine crimes of Wounding and other acts endangering life were recorded in the year 1951. Proceedings were taken in six cases in all of which convictions were recorded. In a further case the offender was certified to be insane and was committed to a Mental Hospital.

In the year 1950, fourteen crimes were recorded and proceedings were taken in twelve cases.

#### ASSAULT, WOUNDING, ETC. (MISDEMEANOURS).

155 crimes of Assault, etc. (Misdemeanours) were recorded in the year 1951. Proceedings were taken in 145 cases. Convictions were recorded in 108 cases, and in a further 19 cases the charges were held proved and the Probation of Offenders Act, was applied. Seven cases are pending.

In the year 1950, a total of 144 crimes was recorded.

#### INTIMIDATION.

Twenty-eight crimes of Intimidation were recorded in the year 1951, four more than the number for the year 1950. Proceedings were taken in four cases. In three cases the charges were held proved and the Probation of Offenders Act was applied.

#### SEXUAL OFFENCES AGAINST FEMALES.

The number of sexual offences against females recorded in the year 1951 was 162, which is the lowest figure in the post war years.

Comparative figures for offences and proceedings in the years 1946 to 1951 are given in the following table :—

YEAR.	No. of offences recorded.	No. of offences in which proceedings were instituted.	Percentage of offences in which proceedings were instituted.
1951	162	135	83%
1950	187	158	84%
1949	197	161	82%
1948	211	187	89%
1947	168	148	88%
1946	200	171	86%

#### GROUP II—OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY WITH VIOLENCE.

This group includes offences of Burglary, Housebreaking, Robbery and Malicious Injury to Property.

The number of offences recorded in this group in the year 1951 was 2,996. Proceedings were taken in 1,865 cases and convictions numbered 1,071. In a further 563 cases the charges were held proved and the Probation of Offenders Act was applied.

Comparative figures of offences recorded and the number and percentage of offences in which proceedings were instituted in the years 1946 to 1951 are given in the following table :—

YEAR.	No. of offences recorded.	No. of offences in which proceedings were instituted.	Percentage of offences in which proceedings were instituted.
1951	2,996	1,865	62%
1950	2,445	1,623	66%
1949	2,407	1,613	67%
1948	2,883	1,774	62%
1947	2,727	1,813	66%
1946	2,560	1,663	65%

The number of offences relating to Housebreaking in the year 1951 was 2,636, an increase of 605 compared with the number in the year 1950. The number of Burglaries in 1951 was 201 compared with 159 in 1950. Offences of Housebreaking (Dwelling-houses), numbered 846 in 1951, an increase of 153 compared with the number in 1950, and the number of offences of Breaking into Shops, Warehouses, etc., was 1,419 in 1951, compared with 1,040 in 1950. The number of offences, of Attempting to Break into Houses, Shops, etc., recorded in 1951 was 70, an increase of 26 compared with the number in 1950. Seventeen offences of Possession of Housebreaking Tools were recorded in 1951, compared with 20 in 1950.

Comparative figures for offences relating to Housebreaking, and the number and percentage of offences in which proceedings were instituted in the years 1946 to 1951 are given in the following table :—

YEAR.	No. of offences recorded.	No. of offences in which proceedings were instituted.	Percentage of cases in which proceedings were instituted.
1951	2,636	1,690	64%
1950	2,031	1,387	68%
1949	2,030	1,410	69%
1948	2,385	1,534	64%
1947	2,358	1,631	69%
1946	2,136	1,421	67%

#### ROBBERY.

A total of 24 offences of Robbery and Attempts to Rob were recorded in the year 1951, in two of which firearms were alleged to have been used. Proceedings were taken in 14 cases. Convictions were recorded in 10 cases.

Brief particulars of the cases in which firearms were alleged to have been used are :—

(1) On 3rd January, 1951, a man entered the premises of a Bookmaker in Dublin City at the close of business on the pretext of collecting winnings on a bet. He produced a revolver and demanded the cash which was in a bag. One of the girls sat on the bag and the intruder struck her several times with his clenched fist. The girls screamed for help and he made off. No arrest was made.

(2) On 27th December, 1951, four men drove up to a Petrol Filling Station in a car, one of the men produced a revolver, held up the attendant and took £10 15s. 0d. in cash from the cash desk.

Four men who were later arrested and sentenced for Attempted Murder, arising out of a Bank robbery, were definitely identified with this offence which was taken into consideration by the Judge when passing sentence.

32 offences of Robbery and Attempts were recorded in the year 1950.

#### ARSON AND OTHER MALICIOUS INJURY TO PROPERTY.

A total of 326 offences of Malicious Injury to Property was recorded in the year 1951, a decrease of 46 compared with the number in the year 1950. Fifty-two offences of Arson were recorded in 1951 compared with 50 in the year 1950.

Proceedings were taken in 146 cases in 1951, and convictions were recorded in 76 cases. In a further 35 cases the charges were held proved and the Probation of Offenders Act was applied.

#### GROUP III—OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY WITHOUT VIOLENCE.

Included in this group are offences of Larceny, Embezzlement, Obtaining Goods, etc., by False Pretences, Frauds and Receiving Stolen Goods.

The number of offences recorded in this group in the year 1951 was 10,513, an increase of 1,356 compared with the number in the year 1950.

Proceedings were taken in 5,158 cases and convictions were recorded in 2,342 cases. In a further 2,044 cases the charges were held proved and the Probation of Offenders Act was applied. 267 cases are shown still pending.

Comparative figures of offences and the number and percentage of cases in which proceedings were taken in the years 1946 to 1951 are given in the following table :—

YEAR.	No. of offences recorded.	No. of offences in which proceedings were instituted.	Percentage of offences in which proceedings were instituted.
1951	10,513	5,158	49%
1950	9,157	4,859	53%
1949	9,130	4,884	53%
1948	11,354	5,580	49%
1947	12,004	6,141	51%
1946	11,782	5,679	48%

In comparison with the number of offences recorded in the year 1950, there was an increase of 1,383 in the number of larcenies in 1951, and an increase of 65 in offences of Receiving Stolen Property. There was a decrease of 92 in offences of Embezzlement, Frauds, and Obtaining Goods by False Pretences.

Comparative figures for the various forms of larceny given in the Statistical Tables for the years 1946 to 1951 are :—

Offences.	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946
Larceny from the Person ...	236	219	254	258	346	280
Larceny in House to Value of £5, etc. ...	554	560	613	786	698	821
Larceny from Dwellinghouse by Employee ...	134	132	144	154	215	231
Larceny of Explosives ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Larceny of Motor Vehicles.	21	14	16	7	24	9
Larceny of Pedal Cycles ...	1,896	1,339	1,420	1,502	1,592	1,251
Larceny from Unattended Vehicles ...	1,312	1,161	944	1,392	1,200	1,165
Larceny from Shops and Stalls ...	1,017	991	923	1,023	937	921
Larceny of Horses, Cattle and Sheep ...	50	56	52	71	74	81
Other Larcenies (exceeding £5 in value) ...	1,397	1,000	1,048	1,230	1,327	1,216
Other Larcenies—(not exceeding £5 in value) ...	3,180	2,892	2,974	3,788	4,473	4,925
TOTAL ...	9,797	8,414	8,388	10,211	10,886	10,900

A total of 6,875 larcenies, 70 per cent. of the number for the whole country, was recorded in the Dublin Metropolitan Area in the year 1951. In the year 1950 the number of larcenies in this area was 5,804 or 69 per cent. of the total for the whole country.

#### EMBEZZLEMENT.

In the year 1951, the number of offences of Embezzlement recorded was 115, an increase of 5 compared with the number in 1950. 93 offences were recorded in the Dublin Metropolitan Area compared with 94 in the year 1950.

Proceedings were taken in 114 cases in 1951. Convictions were recorded in 67 cases, and in a further 30 cases the charges were held proved and the Probation of Offenders Act was applied. 14 cases are still pending.

#### OBTAINING GOODS BY FALSE PRETENCES.

289 offences were recorded in the year 1951, a decrease of 100 compared with the number in 1950. 84 offences were recorded in the Dublin Metropolitan Area compared with 126 in 1950.

Proceedings were taken in 202 cases in 1951. Convictions numbered 131, and the charges were held proved and the Probation Act applied in a further 49 cases. Twelve cases are shown pending.

#### FRAUDS.

A total of 44 offences relating to Frauds was recorded for the year 1951, three more than the number for the year 1950. Proceedings were taken in 32 cases and 23 convictions were recorded.

14 offences were recorded in the Dublin Metropolitan Area in 1951, and proceedings were taken in 12 cases, compared with 24 offences in 1950, in all of which proceedings were taken.

#### RECEIVING STOLEN GOODS.

268 offences of Receiving Stolen Goods were recorded in the year 1951, compared with 203 in 1950. Proceedings were taken in 266 cases in 1951. Convictions numbered 85 and the charges were held proved and the Probation Act applied in 97 cases. 13 cases are shown pending.

In the Dublin Metropolitan Area, 67 offences were recorded in 1951 and proceedings were taken in all cases.

#### GROUP IV—OFFENCES NOT INCLUDED IN THE FOREGOING GROUPS.

Offences in this group are Forgery, Perjury, Bribery, Riot and Unlawful Assembly, Offences against Public Decency, Offences under Coinage Acts, Attempting to Commit Suicide, Offences under Treason Act, Breaches of the Offences against the State Act, and Other Indictable Offences which are not included in Groups I, II or III.



A total of 172 offences was recorded in this group in 1951, an increase of 42 compared with the number in the year 1950. Proceedings were taken in 130 cases. Convictions were recorded in 62 cases, and in a further 48 cases the charges were held proved and the Probation Act applied. 12 cases are shown pending.

97 offences of Forgery and Uttering were recorded in the year 1951 an increase of 37 compared with the number in 1950. Proceedings were taken in 76 cases. Convictions numbered 24, and the charges in a further 34 cases were held proved and the Probation Act was applied.

22 offences against Public Decency were recorded in 1951 compared with 6 in 1950. Proceedings were taken in 14 cases and convictions numbered 12.

22 offences of Attempted Suicide were recorded in 1951, two less than the number in 1950.

#### ORGANIZED VIOLENT CRIME.

A total of 34 organized crimes of Violence was recorded in 1951, 6 more than the total for 1950.

Of the Crimes recorded in 1951, 26 were Agrarian, 5 were believed to have arisen from Political motives, and the remaining 3 were the outcome of trade disputes.

#### VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED.

The value of property reported as stolen in the year 1951, was £158,944 4s. 9d., of which property valued at £51,747 17s. 2d. was recovered.

In offences against property with violence, i.e., Burglary, Housebreaking and Sacrilege, the value of property reported as stolen was £66,800 6s. 7d., of which property valued at £22,011 4s. 8d. was recovered.

In offences against property without violence, i.e., Larcenies, the value of property reported as stolen was £92,143 18s. 2d., of which property valued at £29,736 12s. 6d. was recovered.

In the year 1950, the total value of property stolen was £107,742 0s. 8d. in offences of Burglary, etc., £34,943 16s. 1d., and in offences of Larceny £72,758 4s. 7d.

Comparative figures of offences in which property was stolen and value of property stolen in the years 1946 to 1951 are given in the following table:—

	Year.	Less than £1	£1 to £2	£2 to £5	£5 to £10	£10 to £50	£50 to £100	Over £100	Total
Offences against property with violence.	1951	451	302	398	295	623	123	104	2,206
	1950	357	237	338	274	406	83	59	1,754
	1949	391	265	315	250	405	77	72	1,775
	1948	397	261	364	282	525	114	100	2,043
	1947	444	268	340	327	473	88	71	2,011
	1946	409	230	356	302	442	82	68	1,889
Offences against property without violence.	1951	1,611	1,311	2,262	2,369	2,002	140	90	9,785
	1950	1,888	1,149	2,014	1,762	1,431	79	77	8,400
	1949	1,708	1,338	2,070	1,650	1,428	97	79	8,370
	1948	2,168	1,611	2,557	2,100	1,545	129	83	10,193
	1947	2,438	1,740	3,180	2,005	1,302	113	85	10,863
	1946	2,644	1,782	3,225	1,909	1,149	103	67	10,879

#### SEX AND AGE OF PERSONS CONVICTED OF INDICTABLE OFFENCES.

Of the 7,608 persons charged with indictable offences in the year 1951, the number convicted was 3,260 or almost 43 per cent. of the total.

3,003 persons—2,757 males and 246 females—were convicted by Courts of Summary Jurisdiction, and 257 persons—245 males and 12 females—were convicted by Circuit and Higher Courts.

Details of persons convicted are given in Appendix D (1).

The number of convicted persons in each age group and the percentage which each age group forms of the total persons convicted in the years 1946 to 1951 are set out in the following table:—

Age Grouping.	NUMBER OF PERSONS CONVICTED						PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL.					
	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946
Under												
14 years	179	144	98	154	166	151	5%	5%	3%	5%	5%	5%
14-16 years	223	177	155	189	146	124	7%	6%	6%	4%	4%	4%
16-18 "	361	317	246	274	264	292	11%	11%	9%	8%	6%	6%
18-21 "	639	487	530	558	600	542	20%	17%	19%	17%	17%	16%
21-30 "	1,021	878	889	1,102	1,102	1,130	31%	31%	32%	34%	32%	33%
30-40 "	458	416	424	522	611	656	14%	15%	15%	16%	18%	19%
Above												
40 years	379	377	401	470	556	616	12%	13%	15%	14%	16%	18%
TOTALS	3,260	2,796	2,743	3,269	3,445	3,421						

#### CHARGE PROVED AND PROBATION OF OFFENDERS ACT APPLIED.

The number of persons against whom the charges were held proved and who were released under the Probation of Offenders Act, 1907, in the year 1951, was 3,074—40% of the total persons charged—of whom 2,663 were males and 411 were females.

Full particulars are given in Appendix D (2).

The number of persons in each age group and the percentage of the total persons so dealt with in the years 1946 to 1951 are given in the following table :—

Age Grouping.	NUMBER OF PERSONS.						PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL.					
	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946
Under												
14 years	944	923	810	862	971	890	31%	32%	29%	27%	27%	27%
14-16 years	602	566	490	561	546	508	20%	20%	17%	18%	15%	15%
16-18 "	459	381	352	395	421	390	15%	13%	13%	13%	12%	12%
18-21 "	331	287	325	342	378	334	11%	10%	12%	11%	11%	10%
21-30 "	335	339	350	433	533	523	11%	12%	13%	14%	15%	16%
30-40 "	201	183	211	267	301	300	7%	6%	8%	9%	9%	9%
Above												
40 years	202	183	249	280	388	338	7%	6%	9%	9%	11%	10%
TOTALS	3,074	2,862	2,787	3,140	3,538	3,283						

#### INDICTABLE OFFENCES CLEARED UP IN 1951.

The number of Indictable Offences cleared up in the year 1951, was 8,034, details of which are contained in Columns 3 and 17 of Appendix A (1) in relation to offences reported in the year 1951, and in Column 2 of Appendix G (2) in relation to offences reported in the year 1950, but not detected in that year.

The percentage of offences cleared up in 1951, in relation to the number reported was 56%. The percentage in the year 1950 was 61%.

The incidence of Indictable Offences and Detections is shown in Graphical form in Appendix A (3).

#### PROCEEDINGS FOR INDICTABLE OFFENCES PENDING FROM YEAR 1950—RESULTS.

In Appendix A (1) of report for the year 1950, proceedings were shown pending in 328 cases. Four cases have since been struck out of records, and 24 cases are shown still pending. Of the 300 cases disposed of convictions were recorded in 89 cases, and in 163 cases the charges were held proved and the Probation of Offenders Act was applied.

Full details are given in Appendix G (1).

#### PROCEEDINGS IN YEAR 1951 FOR INDICTABLE OFFENCES RECORDED IN YEAR 1950.

Proceedings were taken during the year 1951 in 52 cases which were recorded in the year 1950, but were undetected at the end of that year. Convictions were recorded in 33 cases, and in a further 9 cases the charges were held proved and the Probation Act was applied.

The number of persons charged in connection with those offences was 41, of whom 28 were convicted and 10 others were dealt with under the Probation of Offenders Act.

Full details are given in Appendix G (2).

## PART II.

### JUVENILES CHARGED WITH INDICTABLE OFFENCES.

Details of Juvenile Offenders charged with Indictable Offences are given in Appendices E and F.

A total of 2,702 persons aged under 18 years charged with indictable offences were dealt with in the year 1951, an increase of 249 compared with the number dealt with in 1950.

Comparative figures of offenders, male and female, dealt with in the years 1946 to 1951, under the various offence headings are given in the following table :—

	1951		1950		1949		1948		1947		1946	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Burglary	12	2	9	—	7	—	12	—	35	—	22	—
Housebreaking	877	21	808	12	664	24	843	36	709	39	802	50
Larceny of Pedal Cycles	122	16	122	21	196	6	92	22	72	12	53	11
Larceny from Unattended Vehicles	167	6	148	1	148	6	187	8	153	16	86	—
Larceny from Shops and Stalls	315	40	277	32	231	32	256	39	255	51	192	40
Other Larcenies (Exceeding £5 in value)	231	45	168	32	158	34	169	35	200	38	144	58
Other Larcenies (Not Exceeding £5 in value).	548	64	489	44	465	75	564	100	602	150	535	114
Malicious Injury to Property	104	—	174	2	142	—	157	4	112	7	160	12
Other Offences	117	15	98	16	132	14	99	10	94	15	115	15
TOTALS	2,403	209	2,293	166	2,053	191	2,379	251	2,292	322	2,109	300

### SEX AND AGE OF OFFENDERS.

The number of juveniles under 12 years dealt with in the year 1951, shows a difference of one only from the number in 1950. In the 12 to 14 years group there was an increase of 104, in the 14 to 16 years group, an increase of 106, and in the 16 to 18 years group an increase of 40 compared with the numbers in the year 1950.

The number of persons in each age group and the percentage of the total persons so dealt with in the years 1946 to 1951 are given in the following table :—

Age Grouping.	NUMBER OF PERSONS.						PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL.					
	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946
Under												
14 years	944	923	810	862	971	890	31%	32%	29%	27%	27%	27%
14-16 years	602	566	490	561	546	508	20%	20%	17%	18%	15%	15%
16-18 "	459	381	352	395	421	390	15%	13%	13%	13%	12%	12%
18-21 "	331	287	325	342	378	334	11%	10%	12%	11%	11%	10%
21-30 "	335	339	350	433	533	523	11%	12%	13%	14%	15%	16%
30-40 "	201	183	211	267	301	300	7%	6%	8%	9%	9%	9%
Above												
40 years	202	183	249	280	388	338	7%	6%	9%	9%	11%	10%
TOTALS	3,074	2,862	2,787	3,140	3,538	3,283						

#### INDICTABLE OFFENCES CLEARED UP IN 1951.

The number of Indictable Offences cleared up in the year 1951, was 8,034, details of which are contained in Columns 3 and 17 of Appendix A (1) in relation to offences reported in the year 1951, and in Column 2 of Appendix G (2) in relation to offences reported in the year 1950, but not detected in that year.

The percentage of offences cleared up in 1951, in relation to the number reported was 56%. The percentage in the year 1950 was 61%.

The incidence of Indictable Offences and Detections is shown in Graphical form in Appendix A (3).

#### PROCEEDINGS FOR INDICTABLE OFFENCES PENDING FROM YEAR 1950—RESULTS.

In Appendix A (1) of report for the year 1950, proceedings were shown pending in 328 cases. Four cases have since been struck out of records, and 24 cases are shown still pending. Of the 300 cases disposed of convictions were recorded in 89 cases, and in 163 cases the charges were held proved and the Probation of Offenders Act was applied.

Full details are given in Appendix G (1).

#### PROCEEDINGS IN YEAR 1951 FOR INDICTABLE OFFENCES RECORDED IN YEAR 1950.

Proceedings were taken during the year 1951 in 52 cases which were recorded in the year 1950, but were undetected at the end of that year. Convictions were recorded in 33 cases, and in a further 9 cases the charges were held proved and the Probation Act was applied.

The number of persons charged in connection with those offences was 41, of whom 28 were convicted and 10 others were dealt with under the Probation of Offenders Act.

Full details are given in Appendix G (2).

## PART II.

### JUVENILES CHARGED WITH INDICTABLE OFFENCES.

Details of Juvenile Offenders charged with Indictable Offences are given in Appendices E and F.

A total of 2,702 persons aged under 18 years charged with indictable offences were dealt with in the year 1951, an increase of 249 compared with the number dealt with in 1950.

Comparative figures of offenders, male and female, dealt with in the years 1946 to 1951, under the various offence headings are given in the following table :—

	1951		1950		1949		1948		1947		1946	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Burglary	12	2	9	—	7	—	12	—	35	—	22	—
Housebreaking	877	21	808	12	664	24	843	36	709	39	802	50
Larceny of Pedal Cycles	122	16	122	21	106	6	92	22	72	12	53	11
Larceny from Unattended Vehicles	167	6	148	1	148	6	187	8	153	10	86	—
Larceny from Shops and Stalls	315	40	277	32	231	32	256	30	255	51	192	40
Other Larcenies (Exceeding £5 in value)	231	45	168	32	158	34	169	35	200	28	144	58
Other Larcenies (Not Exceeding £5 in value).	548	64	489	44	465	75	564	106	662	150	535	114
Malevolent Injury to Property	104	—	174	2	142	—	157	4	112	7	160	12
Other Offences	117	15	98	16	132	14	99	10	94	15	115	15
TOTALS	2,493	209	2,293	169	2,053	191	2,379	251	2,292	322	2,109	300

### SEX AND AGE OF OFFENDERS.

The number of juveniles under 12 years dealt with in the year 1951, shows a difference of one only from the number in 1950. In the 12 to 14 years group there was an increase of 104, in the 14 to 16 years group, an increase of 106, and in the 16 to 18 years group an increase of 40 compared with the numbers in the year 1950.

The number of offenders, male and female, in each age group, dealt with in the years 1946 to 1951 are given in the following table :—

YEAR.	Under 12 years		12 to 14 years		14 to 16 years		16 to 18 years	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
1951	517	31	610	48	721	59	645	71
1950	526	23	519	35	621	53	627	49
1949	434	28	495	50	608	60	516	53
1948	607	38	537	53	670	61	565	99
1947	511	57	551	75	629	97	601	93
1946	551	60	504	68	560	83	494	89

#### CIRCUMSTANCES CONTRIBUTING TO DELINQUENCY.

The main causes or circumstances contributing to juvenile delinquency in 1951 showed no change from previous years. Comparative figures for the years 1946 to 1951 are given in the following table :—

	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946
Lack of Parental Control ....	1,153	939	1,082	1,103	1,175	1,088
Desire to get Money for Amusement ....	733	638	571	704	685	575
Mischief ....	443	492	273	466	385	423
Youthful gang influence ....	287	289	237	223	186	216
Criminal Associations ....	67	75	61	97	86	80
Necessity ....	19	20	20	35	92	27

Lack of parental control is assigned to 43% of cases in the year 1951, compared with 38% in 1950; desire to get money for amusement, 27% in 1951 against 26% in 1950; Mischief, 16% in 1951 against 20% in 1950, and Youthful Gang Influence 11% in 1951 against 12% in 1950.

#### PERCENTAGE OF JUVENILE OFFENDERS IN RELATION TO OTHER PERSONS CHARGED WITH INDICTABLE OFFENCES.

Juvenile Offenders in the year 1951, formed almost 36% of the total persons charged with indictable offences. The percentage in the year 1950 was also 36%.

The number of juvenile offenders and the approximate percentage of the total persons charged with indictable offences in the years 1946 to 1951, are given in the following table :—

YEAR.	No. of Juvenile Offenders dealt with for Indictable Offences.	Percentage of the Total Number of Persons dealt with for Indictable Offences.
1951	2,702	36%
1950	2,453	36%
1949	2,244	34%
1948	2,630	33%
1947	2,614	31%
1946	2,409	28%

#### OFFENCES CHARGED AGAINST JUVENILES.

The offences in which the majority of juveniles offenders engage are Housebreaking, Larceny and Malicious Injury to Property. The number of juveniles dealt with for those offences and the percentage which juveniles formed of the total persons charged with such offences in the years 1946 to 1951 are given in the following table :—

Offence.	Year.	No. of Juvenile Offenders charged	Percentage of Total Persons charged with this offence
Burglary.	1951	14	13%
	1950	9	10%
	1949	7	7%
	1948	12	12%
	1947	35	28%
	1946	22	18%
Housebreaking.	1951	898	50%
	1950	820	54%
	1949	688	45%
	1948	879	52%
	1947	748	41%
	1946	852	52%
Larceny.	1951	1,554	33%
	1950	1,334	35%
	1949	1,261	34%
	1948	1,469	34%
	1947	1,603	32%
	1946	1,233	26%
Malicious Injury to Property.	1951	104	40%
	1950	176	47%
	1949	142	50%
	1948	161	40%
	1947	119	39%
	1946	172	40%
Other Offences.	1951	132	12%
	1950	114	10%
	1949	146	12%
	1948	109	8%
	1947	109	9%
	1946	130	8%

**JUVENILE OFFENDERS RELEASED UNDER THE PROBATION OF OFFENDERS ACT, 1907.**

Of the 2,702 offenders dealt with in the year 1951, 1,926 or 71% were released under the Probation of Offenders Act, 1907.

The number of offenders charged for the first time was 2,090, of whom 1,636 or 78% were released under the Probation Act.

The number of offenders charged for the second time was 428, of whom 224 were released under the Probation Act, 34 for the first time and 190 for the second time.

The number charged for the third time was 134, of whom 51 were released under the Probation Act, 3 for the first time, 19 for the second time and 29 for the third time.

The number charged for the fourth time or oftener was 50, of whom 15 were given the benefit of the Probation Act, one for the second time, four for the third time.

Full details are given in Appendix F (1).

**FAMILY INCOME.**

The income to the homes of juvenile offenders in the year 1951 is given in the following table :—

Income	No. of Offenders
Under £2 ... ..	198
£2 to £4 ... ..	529
£4 to £6 ... ..	825
£6 to £8 ... ..	603
£8 and over ... ..	503
Not ascertainable ... ..	44
	<b>2,702</b>

Full details are given in Appendix F (2).

**JUVENILE OFFENDERS BY GARDA DIVISIONS AND OFFENCES.**

Details of juvenile offenders dealt with in each Garda Division in the year 1951, and of the offences charged are attached to the Appendices.

See Appendix F (3).

Of the 2,702 offenders dealt with in the year 1951, 1,196 or 44% were dealt with in the Dublin Metropolitan Area.

**PART III.**

**NON-INDICTABLE OFFENCES.**

**PROCEEDINGS IN NON-INDICTABLE OFFENCES.**

The number of persons prosecuted for non-indictable offences in the year 1951 was 145,785, a decrease of 1,797, compared with the number prosecuted in 1950.

The number of persons convicted was 110,784 or 76% of the number prosecuted. The charges against an additional 26,701 persons, or 18% of the number prosecuted, were held proved and the Probation of Offenders Act was applied.

The number of persons prosecuted for non-indictable offences in each of the years 1946 to 1951, are as follows :—

Year	Number of Persons Prosecuted
1951 ... ..	145,785
1950 ... ..	147,582
1949 ... ..	165,046
1948 ... ..	167,344
1947 ... ..	151,690
1946 ... ..	150,928

Full details of prosecutions are given in Appendix C.

Prosecutions and convictions for non-indictable offences in the years 1941 to 1951 are given in graphical form in Appendix C (4).

**ASSAULTS.**

A total of 1,231 persons were prosecuted for Assaults in the year 1951, 987 of whom were charged with Common Assaults, 158 were charged with Assaults on Guards, and 86 were charged with Aggravated Assaults. 819 persons were convicted in 1951, and the charges against 194 others were held proved and the Probation Act was applied.

In the year 1950, 1,100 persons were prosecuted, 811 for Common Assault, 187 for Assaults on Gardaí, and 102 for Aggravated Assaults.

**CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.**

The number of persons prosecuted in the year 1951, for offences relating to Cruelty to Animals was 352. 266 persons were convicted, and the charges against another 60 were held proved and the Probation Act was applied.

In the year 1950, 395 persons were prosecuted, 303 were convicted, and 51 were dealt with under the Probation Act.

#### DOGS—OFFENCES IN RELATION TO LICENSING OF.

A total of 10,183 persons were prosecuted in 1951 for offences in relation to the licensing of dogs. The number convicted was 4,191, and the number dealt with under the Probation Act was 4,864. In the year 1950, 11,700 persons were prosecuted, 5,175 were convicted, and 5,051 were dealt with under the Probation of Offenders Act.

#### EDUCATION AND SCHOOL ATTENDANCE ACTS.

6,122 persons were prosecuted for offences under the Education and School Attendance Acts in the year 1951, a decrease of 183 compared with the number in the year 1950. The number convicted in 1951 was 4,312, and a further 1,494 were dealt with under the Probation of Offenders Act.

The number of persons convicted in 1950 was 4,360, and 1,555 others were dealt with under the Probation Act.

#### ROAD TRAFFIC ACT, 1933.

There was a decrease of 3,229 in the number of persons prosecuted for offences under the Road Traffic Act, in the year 1951, compared with the number in the year 1950. The number of persons, 84,989, prosecuted under the Act in 1951, formed 58% of the total persons prosecuted for non-indictable offences.

In the Dublin Metropolitan Area 20,578 persons, 24% of the total, were prosecuted for offences under the Act in 1951.

Comparative figures of prosecutions, convictions, etc., in the years 1946 to 1951, are given in the following table :—

Year.	No. of Persons Prosecuted	Convictions.	Charge proved and Probation Act applied.	Charge withdrawn or dismissed.	Otherwise disposed of.
1951	84,989	67,914	13,346	3,723	6
1950	87,218	70,256	13,383	3,579	—
1949	97,919	81,639	12,277	4,003	—
1948	100,082	82,632	13,015	4,430	5
1947	88,620	74,787	9,956	3,868	9
1946	88,292	74,291	8,954	3,025	22

Offences against the Lighting Regulations form a great proportion of the offences prosecuted each year under the Act.

Comparative figures for the years 1946 to 1951 are given in the following table :—

Year	Offences against Lighting Regulations by :—			Total
	Drivers of Mechanically Propelled Vehicles	Pedal Cyclists	Other Road Users	
1951	15,951	39,571	2,902	58,424
1950	14,616	42,452	2,636	59,704
1949	12,927	54,637	4,407	71,971
1948	12,194	59,136	4,684	76,014
1947	11,968	52,763	5,650	70,381
1946	9,993	58,314	6,430	74,737

Comparative figures for offences of Dangerous and Careless Driving and Driving or Attempting to Drive while Drunk, prosecuted in each of the years 1946 to 1951, are given in the following table :—

Year	Dangerous and Careless Driving		Driving or Attempting to Drive While Drunk	
	Mechanically Propelled Vehicles	Others	Mechanically Propelled Vehicles	Others
1951	4,437	645	472	150
1950	4,004	818	337	132
1949	3,848	969	326	159
1948	3,493	972	332	107
1947	3,399	720	246	56
1946	2,471	842	198	98

#### INTOXICATING LIQUOR LAWS.

A total of 17,225 persons were prosecuted in the year 1951, for offences against the Intoxicating Liquor Laws, compared with 15,688 in the year 1950.

3,746 persons were prosecuted for Drunkenness in 1951, 2,041 for Simple Drunkenness, and 1,705 for Drunkenness with Aggravations. 3,773 persons were prosecuted for Drunkenness in 1950—2,173 for Simple Drunkenness, and 1,600 for Drunkenness with Aggravations.

2,295 licensed persons were prosecuted in 1951, for offences relating to the conduct of their premises. Of this number, 2,109

were prosecuted for offences against the closing Regulations. In the year 1950, 2,032 persons were prosecuted, of whom 1,896 were prosecuted for offences against Closing Regulations.

For offences relating to Unlicensed Sale of Drink, 37 persons were prosecuted in 1951, compared with 31 in 1950.

For other offences against the Intoxicating Liquor Laws, which includes offences of being found on licensed premises during prohibited hours, giving false names and addresses, or refusing to give names and addresses when so found, refusing to quit licensed premises when lawfully required to do so, false representation as bona fide traveller, etc., the number of persons prosecuted in 1951 was 11,147 compared with 9,852 in the year 1950.

Comparative figures for prosecutions, convictions, etc., in the years 1946 to 1951 are given in the following table:—

#### INTOXICATING LIQUOR LAWS.

Year.	No. of Prosecutions	No. of Convictions.	Charge proved and Probation of Offenders Act applied	Charge withdrawn or dismissed.	Otherwise Disposed of.
1951	17,225	15,582	884	756	3
1950	15,088	14,050	790	848	—
1949	16,754	15,214	729	810	1
1948	16,153	14,182	798	1,175	—
1947	11,093	10,192	674	826	1
1946	17,079	15,012	853	1,291	13

#### DRUNKENNESS.

Year.	No. of Prosecutions	No. of Convictions.	Charge proved and Probation of Offenders Act applied.	Charge withdrawn or dismissed	Otherwise Disposed of.
1951	3,746	3,182	468	95	1
1950	3,773	3,199	437	137	—
1949	3,931	3,398	447	86	—
1948	4,157	3,579	443	135	—
1947	3,357	2,910	366	81	—
1946	4,891	4,376	389	126	—

#### OFFENCES AGAINST CLOSING REGULATIONS.

Year.	No. of Prosecutions	No. of Convictions.	Charge proved and Probation of Offenders Act applied.	Charge withdrawn or dismissed.	Otherwise Disposed of.
1951	2,109	1,899	48	161	1
1950	1,896	1,698	35	163	—
1949	1,988	1,767	177	44	—
1948	1,875	1,561	69	245	—
1947	1,314	1,099	52	162	1
1946	2,252	1,874	105	253	—

#### OTHER OFFENCES AGAINST INTOXICATING LIQUOR LAWS.

Year	No. of Prosecutions	No. of Convictions	Charge proved and Probation of Offenders Act applied	Charge withdrawn or dismissed	Otherwise Disposed of
1951	11,370	10,501	368	500	1
1950	9,852	9,031	315	506	—
1949	10,673	9,941	226	505	1
1948	9,893	8,900	257	736	—
1947	6,851	6,081	238	532	—
1946	9,596	8,513	330	741	12

#### ILLICIT DISTILLATION.

48 persons were prosecuted in the year 1951, for offences relating to Illicit Distillation, compared with 67 in the year 1950. Sixteen persons were convicted and fines were imposed on fifteen of them.

#### MALICIOUS INJURY TO PROPERTY.

The number of persons prosecuted for non-indictable offences of Malicious Injury to Property, in the year 1951, was 1,234, an increase of 319 compared with the number prosecuted in the year 1950. 755 persons were convicted in 1951, of whom 44 were sent to prison without the option of a fine, and 706 were fined.

Comparative figures of prosecutions, convictions, etc., for the years 1946 to 1951 are given in the following table:—

Year.	No. of Prosecutions	No. of Convictions.	Charge proved and Probation of Offenders Act applied	Charge withdrawn or dismissed.	Otherwise Disposed of.
1951	1,234	755	304	175	—
1950	915	523	263	128	1
1949	1,039	552	335	150	2
1948	1,264	739	288	235	2
1947	1,158	649	342	167	—
1946	1,238	763	281	189	5

#### REVENUE LAWS.

There was a further appreciable increase in the number of persons prosecuted by the Garda for offences against the Revenue Laws in the year 1951, compared with the numbers in previous years.

Comparative figures of prosecutions, convictions, etc., in the years 1946 to 1951 are given in the following table:—

Year	No. of Prosecutions	No. of Convictions	Charge proved and Probation of Offenders Act applied	Charge withdrawn or dismissed	Otherwise Disposed of
1951	1,798	1,301	341	156	—
1950	1,395	1,014	245	136	—
1949	1,169	880	216	73	—
1948	755	571	105	79	—
1947	502	379	88	35	—
1946	340	276	45	19	—

#### VAGRANCY LAWS.

529 persons were prosecuted in the year 1951, for offences under the Vagrancy Laws. Of this total, the number convicted was 312, of whom 241 were sent to prison without the option of a fine. 152 persons were dealt with under the Probation of Offenders Act.

For offences of "Begging" 358 persons were prosecuted in 1951. 243 were convicted, and a further 80 were dealt with under the Probation Act. 477 persons were prosecuted for such offences in 1950.

For offences of "Sleeping Out and not having visible means of subsistence," 28 persons were prosecuted in 1951, compared with 70 in 1950.

#### OTHER OFFENCES.

Included under the heading "Other Offences" at the end of Appendix C (1) are Miscellaneous Offences for which no specific headings are provided, and these offences are enumerated in Appendix C (2).

The number of persons prosecuted for offences under this heading in the year 1951, was 445, of whom 231 were convicted, 47 others were dealt with under the Probation of Offenders Act. In the year 1950, 353 persons were prosecuted, 207 were convicted, and a further 88 were dealt with under the Probation Act.

Of the 445 persons prosecuted in 1951, 267 were prosecuted for offences under the Supplies and Services (Temporary Provisions) Act, 1946, details of which are given in Appendix C (3), and includes only those offences which were detected by members of the Garda or which were investigated by them on the complaint or at the direction of the Department of Industry and Commerce.

### PART IV.

#### SCIENTIFIC AIDS TO CRIME DETECTION.

A special section, known as the Technical Bureau, is attached to Crime Branch Headquarters which provides valuable assistance to Gardaí throughout the country in the investigation of crime by means of scientific aids.

The section is provided with up-to-date equipment.

The staff is appointed from experienced members who have had technical training, and lectures and practical demonstrations in modern methods of criminal investigation are provided for members of Detective Branch, also for uniformed members in the more populous areas and for recruits when in training.

Two courses of lectures were given during the year to parties of Military Police Probationers.

The section comprises six sub-sections, viz. :—

- |  |                 |
|--|-----------------|
| (1) Investigation.                     | (4) Mapping.    |
| (2) Fingerprints and Criminal Records. | (5) Ballistics. |
| (3) Photography.                       | (6) Wireless.   |



Brief particulars of the work done by the units during the year are :—

(1) INVESTIGATION.

The services of this unit are sought by local officers to assist in the investigation of serious crimes. The Headquarters unit forms a useful link between Headquarters and local officers at all stages of the investigation, and co-relates enquiries extending over various areas. When necessary the unit arranges for the employment of extern experts, such as the State Pathologist, State Analyst, Handwriting, Textile Experts, etc.

During the year 1951, officers spent 146 days in visiting the scenes of crimes including suspected murders and serious cases of housebreaking.

Preliminary examination of handwriting exhibits and of articles of clothing, etc., for stains eliminated many of these, and so saved considerable expense of examination by extern experts.

The number of exhibits received for examination was 578, of which 406 were eliminated.

(2) FINGERPRINTS AND CRIMINAL RECORDS.

These records provide a complete record of previous convictions of each criminal, a description, photograph and history of subject with modus operandi employed.

The total number of criminal records now filed is 70,474, representing an increase of 2,700 on the 1950 figure.

Fingerprints found at scenes of crimes are classified and compared with those already recorded, and when no identification is made (as is the case of new entrants to crime) the prints are preserved for future reference and comparison. When a new criminal is arrested it is thus often possible to connect him with outstanding crimes.

Enquiries are daily received from and sent to other police forces, and interchange of fingerprints and records is made in the case of travelling criminals.

Regular issues of Fogra Tora, in two parts, are prepared in this sub-section.

Part I deals with persons wanted for crime, missing persons, and descriptions of property stolen or recovered, for which owners are sought.

Part II contains photographs of convicted persons, re-convictions, with their descriptions, which are filed at stations for reference.

Photographs of convicted persons are supplied in convenient pocket-book form to detectives and stations in cities.

The following summary gives an idea of the work done in the sub-section during the year :—

(1) Total number of criminal records filed	...	70,474
(2) Number of new registrations	... ..	2,701
(3) Sets of fingerprints received for search	...	3,939
(4) Number of identifications made therefrom	...	1,111
(5) Other data sent to or from other record offices	...	2,131
(6) Number of sets of prints sent to other bureaux for search	... ..	128
(7) Articles examined	... ..	546
(8) Number of identifiable marks found	...	324
(9) Number of culprits identified	... ..	95
(10) Innocent persons eliminated	... ..	114
(11) Visits to scenes of crimes	... ..	130
(12) Days attending Courts	... ..	24
(13) Number of insertions in Fogra Tora	...	1,696
(14) Modus operandi cards filed	... ..	127

(3) PHOTOGRAPHY.

This sub-section deals with many phases of police photography, including :—

- (a) Photos of criminals for circulation.
- (b) Scenes of crimes and road traffic accidents.
- (c) Dead bodies at scenes, morgues, etc.
- (d) Documents, forgeries, and suspect handwriting; restoring obliterated writing; examination with ultra-violet light for forgeries, alterations, etc.

(e) Photography of fingerprints and enlargement for Court purposes.

(f) Photostatic copies of maps and other documents.

(g) Micro-photography of marks on bullets, tool-marks on iron, woodwork for comparison.

During the year work was done for the following Departments :—

Defence, Justice, External Affairs, Industry and Commerce, Central Bank, Civil Defence.

During the year members attended Courts on 134 days and visited scenes of crimes on 182 days.

#### (4) MAPPING.

This sub-section supplies maps for all police purposes, including scenes of crime and road traffic accidents for Court purposes, special traffic charts, and charts for Department of Justice.

Scenes of crimes, accidents, etc., were visited on 184 days, maps prepared numbered 888, and Courts attended, 177.

The Courts have come to rely on the production of maps made by Gardaí as a valuable part of evidence.

#### (5) BALLESTICS.

The duties performed by this sub-section include examination and comparison of guns, bullets, cartridge cases and explosives; restoring erased numbers on motor engines, pedal cycles, batteries, etc.; examination of glass fragments found at scenes of road accidents or in clothing of suspects; examination and comparison of cutting instruments used in forcing doors, windows, safes, etc.

The following exhibits were examined during the year :—

Firearms	...	...	...	36
Bullets, etc.	...	...	...	564
Cycles	...	...	...	12
Miscellaneous Exhibits	...	...	...	250

Courts attended numbered 14, and scenes of 11 crimes in which firearms were used were visited.

Firearms for official use were also repaired or refitted in the section.

The member in charge visited during the year the Galway factory manufacturing cartridges, also firearms factories at Birmingham and London when the process of manufacture and proving firearms was studied.

In a murder case a considerable number of tests were carried out with the firearm used which was found to have a defective rebound mechanism, and also with a number of similar firearms, with a view to evidence as to the possibility of accidental discharge. It was also possible to determine within narrow limits the range at which the fatal shot was discharged.

In a hit-and-run road accident a small portion of a door handle of car found at scene was identified with the damaged portion of car by means of a moulage casting.

#### (6) WIRELESS.

A central transmitting and receiving station is established at Headquarters, which is operated by remote control at Dublin Castle.

The range covers some 30 miles from Dublin depending on the contours of country.

The maintenance and operating staff is attached to Dublin Metropolitan Division where 14 cars fitted with wireless operate.

Receiving sets are also installed in 14 Garda Stations, and 8 two-way sets in Dublin and adjoining counties.

Wireless cars in Dublin are continuously circulating in city and suburbs and form a link with foot and cycle patrols. These cars are in constant touch with Headquarters and one another.

Particulars of serious crimes, traffic accidents, street disturbances, etc., are broadcast, and cars are directed to scenes or to cut off escape of fleeing criminals. These messages are also received at Garda Stations on the perimeter of city, and patrols from these Stations are notified when necessary.

Wireless communications are also linked up to relay complaints received from the public over the "999" telephone system, regarding crime, suspicious loiterers, etc., thus enabling speedy attention to be given by Gárda to complaints. Several arrests on the spot have resulted within a few minutes of receipt of complaints and drivers in "hit and run" accidents have been intercepted.

Some business houses in Dublin have also installed a system of automatic "burglar alarms," which is marketed by commercial firms. The alarm system is connected to Detective Branch Office in Dublin Castle, from which alarms are broadcast to radio cars.

During the year 1950 some 6,000 calls over the "999" system were received.

In 306 cases the calls transmitted to radio cars resulted in arrests.

Radio cars attended the following scenes of crime:—

Housebreakings, etc.	...	556 cases with	141 arrests.
Larcenies	...	603	" " 166 "
Malicious injury to property	283	" "	60 "
Robbery from person	...	33	" " 13 "

Arrests were also made in the following cases:—

14 cases of stolen motor vehicles.
5 " hit-and-run accidents.
26 " drunk in charge of motor vehicles.
85 " assault.
150 " disorderly conduct.

A cross section of such cases will convey an idea of the work performed:—

- (a) On 16/1/51, telephone calls of offensive nature were received from an unknown caller by employees at a business house. Caller was located by post office at a public call box to which radio car was directed and arrest made.

- (b) At 11.20 p.m. on 26/1/52, patrolling Gárda saw a man on roof of shop at Kimmage Road. He dialled "999," and radio car dispatched to assist. Arrest made.
- (c) "999" call received from member of public re hit-and-run accident on 10th February, 1951. Vehicle located by radio car and driver who was drunk, arrested.
- (d) 22/3/52. At 8.30 p.m. a youth was arrested in shop at May Park following "999" call.
- (e) At 11.30 p.m. on 27/4/51, two men were arrested in private house at Northumberland Road following "999" call from neighbour.
- (f) At 11.50 p.m., 8/5/51, a man was arrested in shop in North King Street following "999" call.
- (g) Driver of car involved in hit-and-run accident at 10.20 p.m. on 24/5/51, at Harold's Cross, was arrested. Driver drunk.
- (h) At 1 a.m., 17/7/51, two men were arrested in business premises at Aston Quay following "999" call from passer-by who observed light in premises.
- (i) Burglar alarm operated at 1.55 a.m. on 16/9/51, from business house in Camden Street. A man was arrested on premises.
- (j) A man was arrested on roof of premises in Grafton Street at 10.30 p.m., 17/11/51, following "999" call from neighbouring resident.
- (k) Three men were arrested at Newmarket for breaking shop window at 11 p.m., 29/12/51, following "999" call from Gárda on patrol who had them under observation.

Portable wireless sets are also on issue to foot patrols in Dublin for use in control of traffic at public meetings, sports fixtures, etc.

Arrangements are in hands for the fitting of radio to patrol cars operating in Counties Dublin and Wicklow as soon as equipments becomes available.

Gárda Headquarters is now situate at the Depot, Phoenix Park, Dublin (phone 71156).

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

(SGD.) D. COSTIGAN,

COMMISSIONER.

RETURN OF INDICTABLE OFFENCES WHICH BECAME KNOWN TO THE GARDA DURING THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1951.

APPENDIX A. (1).

Table with columns for Nature of Offences (1-27), Number of Offences Reported (18), Number of Offences in which Criminal Proceedings were taken (19), Result of Proceedings in Cases (20-24), Persons Prosecuted Against (25-29), and Result of Proceedings Against Persons (30-34). Includes sub-groups I, II, III, and IV.

**RETURN OF INDICTABLE OFFENCES WHICH BECAME KNOWN TO THE GARDA DURING THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1951.—Continued.**  
**Result of Proceedings in Cases Included on Line Number 67 in Appendix A (1.)**

Table of Offences and Act and Section under which Proceedings taken.	RESULT OF PROCEEDINGS IN CASES.														PERSONS PROCEEDED AGAINST.						RESULT OF PROCEEDINGS AGAINST PRISONERS.						Still Pending in District Courts.			
	Dealt with on Judgment and							Dealt with summarily.										Dealt with on indictment and			Dealt with summarily and									
	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Fined and Incarcerated and Incapable of Probation.	Same Proceeding refused.	Authorities disposed of.	Committed for Trial with bail awaiting Trial.	Contempted.	Bailed.	Charge proved and order made in favour of accused.	Charge Withdrawn.	Otherwise disposed of.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Apprehended.	Summonsed.	Indictment returned.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Found innocent and discharged.	Noticé Pleinqi refused.	Committed for Trial and still awaiting Trial.	Convicted.	Dismissed.	Charge proved and order made in favour of accused.	Charge Withdrawn.		Otherwise disposed of.		
Effecting a False Marriage (Common Law)	1										1																			
Effecting a False Entry and Detainer (Common Law)																														
Escape and Rescue from Lawful Custody (Common Law)																														
False Discovery (Common Law)																														
Unlawful Discharge of Dead Body (Common Law)																														
Sexual Intercourse with a Minor (Sexual Offences Act, 1951, Sec. 13)																														
TOTAL	18	28				11			4		1				18	18	1	9	10			12	12			3		1		2

Particulars of Cases included in Columns 9 and 10, in Appendix A (1) — otherwise disposed of.

NATURE OF OFFENCES	NUMBER OF CASES	HOW DISPOSED OF
6. Assault, Wounding, etc. (Offences against the Person Act, 1861, Secs. 39, 40, 41, 48)	1	Accused committed to Mental Hospital.
16. Rape	1	Accused committed to Mental Hospital.
17. Indecent Assault on Females	1	Accused committed to Mental Hospital.
25. Burglary	1	Accused committed to Mental Hospital.
26. Breaking and Entering (Burglary)	1	Accused committed to Mental Hospital.
27. Breaking into shops, etc.	1	Accused committed to Mental Hospital.
28. Malicious Injury to Property	2	1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital, 1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital.
30. Larceny of Goods (Value > £5)	2	1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital, 1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital.
31. Other Larceny (exceeding £5 in value)	15	1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital, 1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital, 1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital, 1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital, 1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital, 1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital, 1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital, 1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital, 1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital, 1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital, 1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital, 1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital.
32. Obtaining Goods, etc., by False Pretences	2	1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital, 1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital.
33. Loading Stolen Goods	2	1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital, 1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital.
36. Forgery and Uttering	1	1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital.
37. False Entry and Detainer	1	1 Accused committed to Mental Hospital.
TOTAL	33	

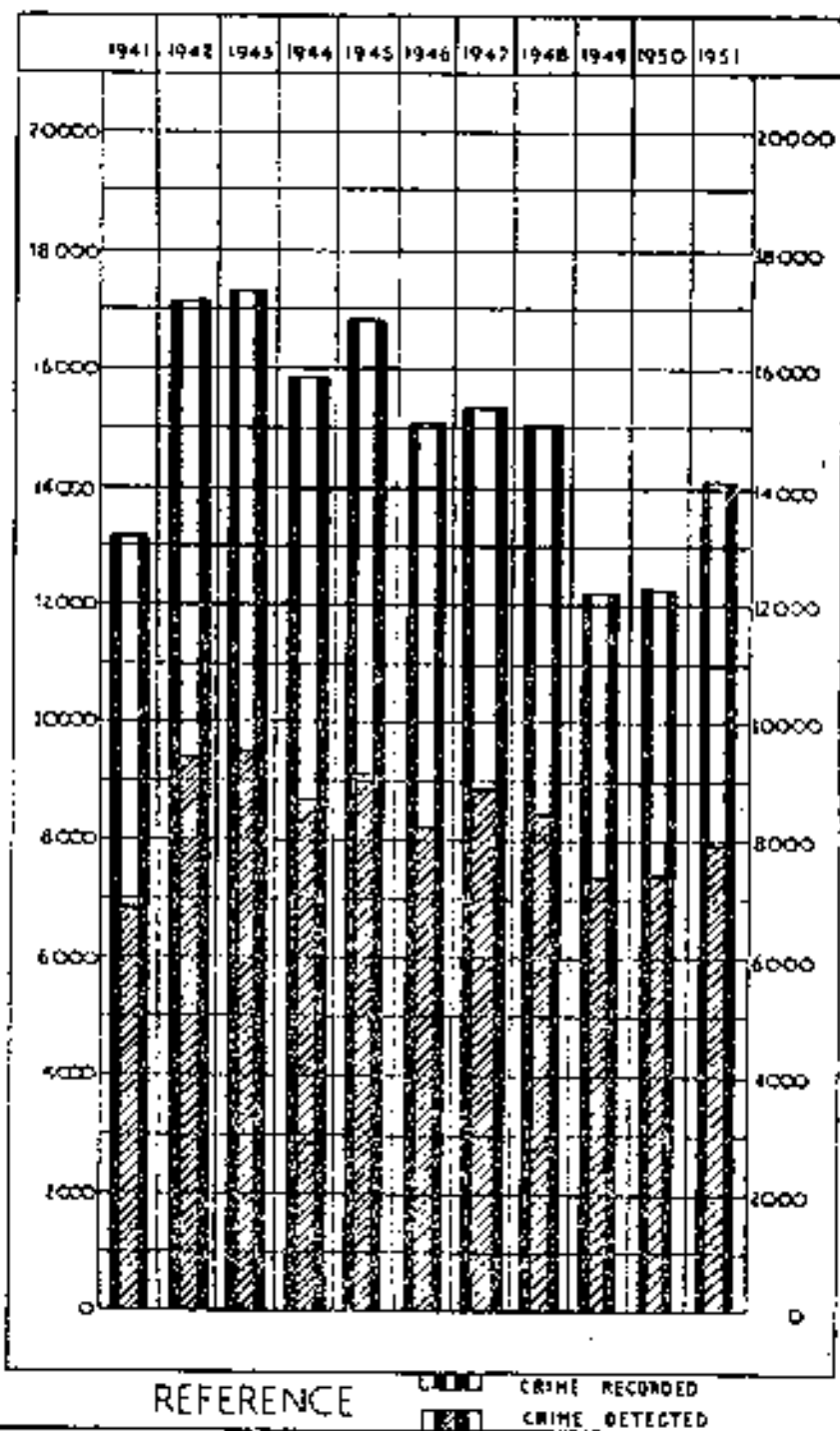
**VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED.**

Table showing (1) for Offences against Property with violence, numbered 21 to 25 inclusive,  
 (2) for Offences against Property without violence, numbered 26 to 30 inclusive,  
 the number of offences in which the value of the property stolen was (a) less than £1; (b) £1 to £2; (c) £2 to £5;  
 (d) £5 to £10; (e) £10 to £50; (f) £50 to £100; and (g) over £100, and the total value of property (a) stolen and  
 (b) recovered, and the number of offences in which no property was stolen.

	Total Number of Cases.	Total Value of Property Stolen.	Total Value of Property Recovered.	Number of Cases in which no Property was Stolen.
Offences against property with Violence	53	£7,800 5 5	£2,014 4 8	215
Offences against property without Violence	1,611	£8,736 18 2	£2,736 12 6	29

# INDICTABLE CRIME

APPENDIX 43



## APPENDIX B.

Table showing by groups in respect of each Garda Division and the Garda Districts of the cities of Cork, Limerick, Waterford and Galway, the number of Indictable Offences and the number of Detections in the year 1951.

Division	GROUP I) Offences against the Person		GROUP II) Offences against Property with Violence		GROUP III) Offences against Property without Violence		GROUP IV) Other Indictable Offences		Total Indictable Offences	Number of Detections	Percentage of Detections
	Recorded	Detections	Recorded	Detections	Recorded	Detections	Recorded	Detections			
Carlingford	21	19	65	57	242	218	8	8	336	290	86%
Lynn/Monaghan	14	11	74	61	152	133	9	9	250	209	83%
Clon	9	9	32	26	69	64	1	1	111	101	91%
Cork, E.R.	28	21	167	149	458	402	11	11	664	582	88%
Cork, W.R.	10	8	45	32	61	71	2	1	118	122	103%
Donegal	9	9	26	12	112	103	1	1	148	125	84%
Dublin Metropolitan	94	91	1,187	911	2,133	2,147	16	16	3,436	3,472	101%
Dublin Wicklow	51	51	100	112	418	459	14	14	633	726	115%
Galway, E.R.	9	6	21	12	106	92	2	2	138	113	82%
Galway, W.R.	24	18	39	29	54	41	2	2	129	108	84%
Kerry	29	29	41	31	129	109	3	3	202	168	83%
Leix/Kilshaly	10	9	13	11	36	37	4	3	103	101	98%
Limerick	18	15	101	82	393	297	2	2	527	291	55%
Loughlin/Westmeath	9	8	29	16	105	91	3	3	157	110	70%
Louth/Meath	21	19	32	31	219	251	6	6	339	329	97%
Mayo	13	12	23	21	79	71	2	2	115	111	96%
Monaghan	6	4	9	6	29	44	1	1	45	27	60%
Sligo/Leitrim	16	14	23	22	81	56	9	9	139	124	89%
Tipperary	29	18	65	59	295	167	6	6	385	241	63%
Waterford/Kilkenny	22	21	35	35	225	214	6	5	354	314	89%
Wexford	19	19	61	57	96	91	1	1	176	159	90%
<b>TOTALS</b>											
Whole Country	446	363	2,296	2,067	10,513	9,100	172	164	14,102	7,982	57%
Excluding Dublin Metropolitan	362	309	1,513	1,158	3,780	2,953	166	90	5,511	4,510	82%
<b>Districts</b>											
Cork	12	10	121	102	391	292	5	5	441	381	87%
Limerick	12	8	27	21	225	198	2	2	266	209	79%
Waterford	6	6	20	11	148	129	1	1	145	121	83%
Galway	12	6	35	15	61	61	2	2	129	82	63%





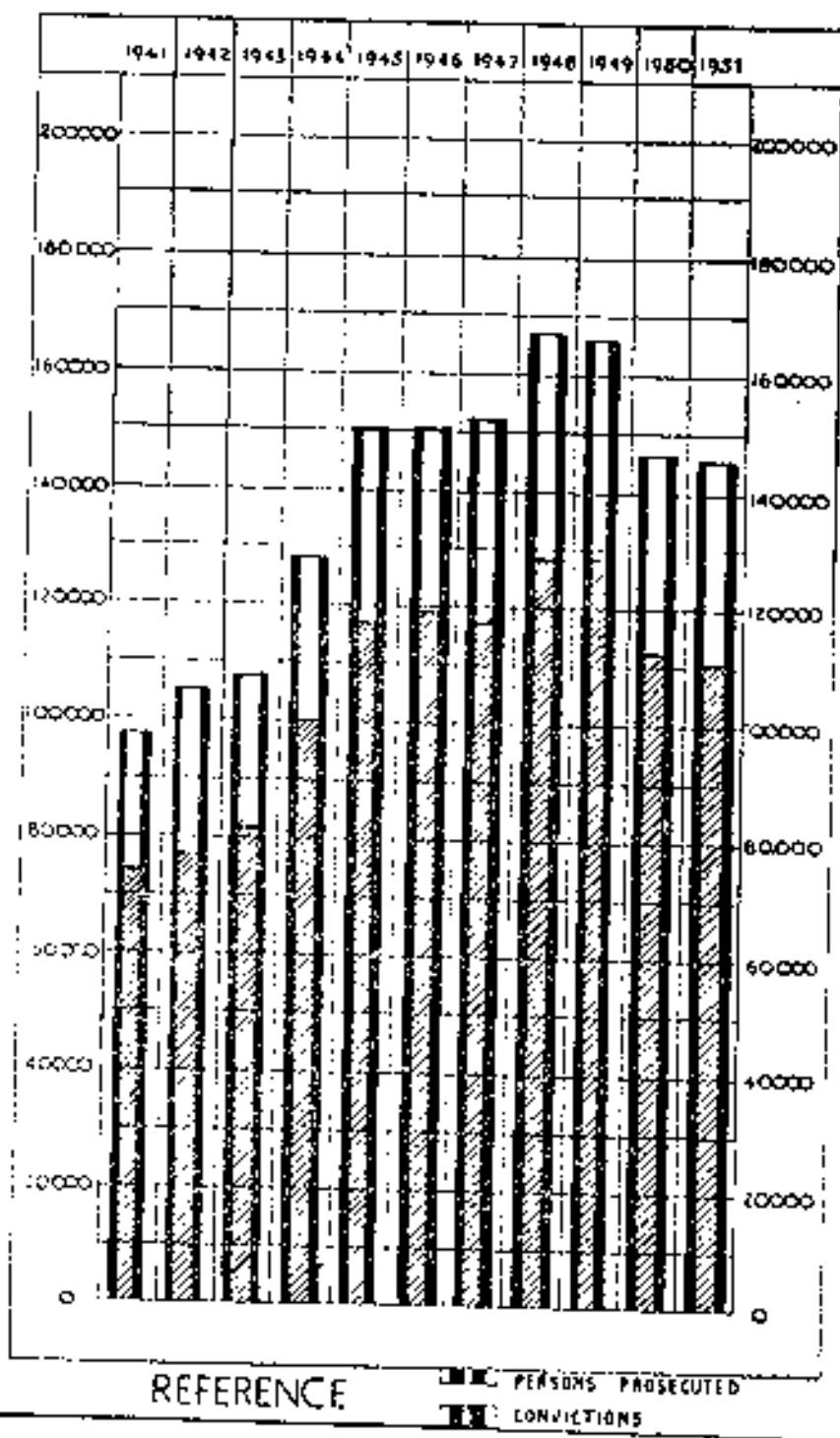






# NON INDICTABLE OFFENCES

APPENDIX C 4





1951.

INDICTABLE OFFENCES—SEX AND AGE OF PERSONS AGAINST WHOM CHARGES WERE PROVED AND ORDERS MADE WITHOUT CONVICTION.

APPENDIX D 421.

(1) NATURE OF OFFENCES.	(2) Total	SEX		AGE															
		(3) Males	(4) Females	(5) Under 14 years		(6) 14 to 16		(7) 16 to 18		(8) 18 to 21		(9) 21 to 30		(10) 30 to 45		(11) Above 45 years			
				M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
8. Assault, Wounding and other like Offences (Misdemeanors) ...	21	21																	
17. Indecent Assaults on Females ...	11	11																	
24. Sacrilege (including Larceny from Donation Boxes) ...	10	10																	
25. Burglary ...	27	22	5		5														
26. Homebreaking (Breaking Houses) ...	258	236	22		100	9		62	1	25	1	23							
27. Breaking into Shops, Warehouses, &c. ...	157	142	15		204	2		96	1	64		37							
28. Attempts to break into Houses, Shops, Warehouses, &c. ...	21	17	4		59			7		6		2							
29. Entering with intent to commit Felony ...	8	8			2			1		1		1							
30. Possession of Homebreaking Tools, &c. ...	63	56	7		30			27		19		4							
39. Other Malignant Injuries to Property ...	7	7																	
40. Larceny of Horses, Cattle and Sheep ...	31	27	4		3	1		19	1	17		1	2						
41. Larceny from the Person ...	102	72	30		17	4		13	1	11	1	1	2						
42. Larceny in House to value of £5, or with entrance ...	65	16	49		2			5		11		15							
43. Larceny from Dwelling House by Employees ...	2	2																	
44. Larceny of Motor Vehicles ...	114	135	19		15	4		38	1	12		2							
45. Larceny of Pedal Cycles ...	170	191	19		37	4		31	3	29		12							
46. Larceny from Enclosed Vehicles ...	358	311	47		100	7		55	8	39		12							
47. Larceny from Shops and Stalls ...	209	210	36		77	2		49	3	44		6							
48. Other Larcenies (exceeding £5 in value) ...	758	613	145		180	22		117	18	54		12							
49. Other Larcenies (not exceeding £5 in value) ...	10	15	5																
51. Embezzlement ...	30	23	7		1			2		6		2							
62. Obtaining Goods, &c., by False Pretences ...	98	54	44		16			8		10		2							
63. Receiving Stolen Goods ...	1	1																	
64. Race or Criminal Assembly ...	1	1																	
65. Unlawful Possession of Firearms ...	6	6																	
66. Suicide—Attempting to commit ...	5	4	1																
67. Intimidation and Mediation ...	1	1																	
14. Concealment of Birth ...	1	1																	
15. Unnatural Offences and Attempts ...	1	1																	
16. Rape ...	3	3																	
18. Debauchery of Girls under 15 years ...	1	1																	
19. Debauchery of Girls between 15 and 17 years ...	1	1																	
22. Abduction ...	1	1																	
32. Kidnapping and Assault with intent to Rob ...	1	1																	
33. Threatening to Publish or Publishing with intent to Extort ...	1	1																	
36. Arson ...	2	2																	
37. Killing and Maiming Cattle ...	2	2																	
38. Forgery and Uttering ...	11	22	9																
54. Indecent Exposure (Public Indecency) ...	1	1																	
61. Perjury and Subornation (Perjury Law) ...	1	1																	
67. Forfeiture of Public Mischief (Common Law) ...	1	1																	
Supreme Industrial Courts by P. O. Post Office Act, 1908, Sec. 63	1	1																	
TOTAL	2,074	2,663	411		894	69		548	54	398	61	272	50	221	4	157	44	111	60

† Titles of Offences as given in Appendix A (1) and A (2).

JUVENILE OFFENDERS.

Table with columns for INCREASES, DECREASES, and Result of Proceedings. Includes sub-sections for 'Cases in which Prosecutions were instituted' and 'Cases in which Prosecutions were discontinued'. Rows list various offenses like Burglary, Housebreaking, etc., with columns for years 1950, 1951, and Total.

\* B—Borstal.

\* D—Detention Home.

JUVENILE OFFENDERS.

Table titled 'NATURE OF OFFENCES' showing 'Age and Sex of Persons Charged or Acquitted' across various categories like Burglary, Housebreaking, etc. Columns represent age groups (Under 12 years, 12-14 years, etc.) and sex (M, F).

(1) No information.

JUVENILE OFFENDERS.

Table titled 'NATURE OF OFFENCES' showing 'Family Circumstances' across various offense categories. Columns represent different family circumstances like 'Lack of parental control', 'Youthful crime', 'Criminal Associations', etc.

(1) No information.

(2) No information.

(3) No information.

(4) No information.



## JUVENILE OFFENDERS.

TABLE SHOWING, BY CRIMES, THE NUMBER OF JUVENILE OFFENDERS IN EACH GARDA DIVISION IN YEAR 1951.

Division	Burglary	Housebreaking	Larceny of Posh Cycles	Larceny from Motor-cycles/Vehicles	Larceny from Shops and Stalls	Other Larcenies exceeding £5 in value	Other Larcenies not exceeding £5 in value	Maleson's Damage to Property	Other Offences	Total 1951	Total 1950
Dublin/Kildare	1	28	2	2	11	5	25	2	5	83	61
Cavan/Monaghan		17	5	2	7	10	11		2	48	38
Clare		18		2	6		20	1	2	49	35
Co. Wick		16	9	9	83	27	61	26	15	242	225
Co. Wick		14		1	13	5	10		1	43	30
Down		15		4	3		29	1	6	58	48
Dublin Metropolitan		64	80	75	155	138	187	42	38	1,179	1,076
Dublin/Wicklow		58	5	9	2	14	21	17	11	127	128
Galway, E.R.		5		1	3		50		2	60	56
Galway, W.R.		9	1	1	5	8	3	4	2	33	23
Kerry		17		1	10	5	14	2	8	78	58
Lexy County		17		1	3	4	7		1	39	58
Limerick		2		24	27	20	11	4	10	102	146
Longford/Wexford		2		1	15	8	19		3	57	59
Louth/Meath		2		9	5	1	18		0	35	38
Mayo		1		1	1	6	11		1	21	22
Monaghan		1		1	1	6	12		2	23	25
Sligo/Letrim		16		12	21	2	21	1	20	93	91
Tipperary		2		12	21	10	11	6	5	116	113
Waterford/Kilkenny		17		30	21	10	11	2	1	92	56
Wexford		11		2	3	2	11			38	36
TOTALS, 1951	54	808	138	173	355	276	612	104	132	2,702	2,455
TOTALS, 1950	9	820	143	149	300	296	538	176	132	2,423	2,455

## JUVENILE OFFENDERS.

OFFENDERS CHARGED IN THE YEAR 1951, AND RELEASED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF OFFENDERS ACT, 1957.

Category	Number Charged	Number Released under P.O. Act, 1957	Released under P.O. Act, 1957	
			Under 14	14 Years or More
Whole Country	2,502	1,926		
Dublin Metropolitan Area	1,166	855		
Outside Dublin Metropolitan Area	1,336	1,071		
Charged for 1st Time	2,090		1,236	
Whole Country	874		667	
Dublin Metropolitan Area	1,216		569	
Outside Dublin Metropolitan Area				
Charged for 2nd Time	428		34	190
Whole Country	219		24	102
Dublin Metropolitan Area	209		14	88
Outside Dublin Metropolitan Area				
Charged for 3rd Time	101		10	29
Whole Country	75		11	14
Dublin Metropolitan Area	50		5	15
Outside Dublin Metropolitan Area				
Charged for 4th Time or More	50		1	4
Whole Country	28		1	3
Dublin Metropolitan Area	22		1	3
Outside Dublin Metropolitan Area				

## JUVENILE OFFENDERS—FAMILY INCOME.

Offence Charged	Under £2	£2 to £4	£4 to £6	£6 to £8	£8 or more	Not ascertainable	Total
Burglary	3	2	5	1	1	0	14
Housebreaking	52	180	221	205	164	11	825
Larceny of Posh Cycles	1	21	25	23	17	2	129
Larceny from Motor-cycles/Vehicles	11	35	56	80	36	5	173
Larceny from Shops and Stalls	15	59	60	85	68	7	305
Other Larcenies exceeding £5 in value	18	54	75	77	45	6	275
Other Larcenies not exceeding £5 in value	5	111	195	132	105	10	642
Maleson's Damage to Property	15	18	29	22	20	2	106
Other Offences	8	26	50	29	27	1	132
TOTALS	118	526	625	605	505	44	2,702



1951.

INDICTABLE OFFENCES shown as undetected in Appendix A. for year 1950 and in which proceedings were instituted during the year 1951.

APPENDIX C (2).

NATURE OF OFFENCES. (Title of Offence as shown in Appendix A)	Number of Offences previously shown undetected, in which Proceedings were instituted during year 1951.	RESULT OF PROCEEDINGS IN CASES.												Crimes of which the Defendants were discharged but for which no Proceedings are shown.	PERSONS PROCEEDED AGAINST.					RESULT OF PROCEEDINGS AGAINST DEFENDERS.										Full Persons in District Court.									
		Dealt with on Indictment and						Dealt with summarily and							Total.	Males.	Females.	Apprehended.	Summonsed.	Informations returned.	Dealt with on Indictment and					Dealt with summarily and													
		Convicted.	Acquitted.	Found Guilty and Judgment of Punishment.	Not Guilty entered.	Order made of.	Committed for Trial and still awaiting Trial.	Committed.	Acquitted.	Charge proved and order made and committal.	Charge withdrawn and committal.	CRIME WITHDRAWN.	Other cases disposed of.								and Pending in District Court.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Found Guilty and Judgment of Punishment.	Not Guilty entered.	Order made of.	Committed for Trial and still awaiting Trial.	Committed.	Acquitted.		Charge proved and order made and committal.	Charge withdrawn and committal.	CRIME WITHDRAWN.	Other cases disposed of.					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)				
24. Burglary (including Larceny from Dwelling Houses)	1															1																							
25. Housebreaking (Dwelling House)	1															1																							
26. Drinking into Shop, Wine House, etc.	1															1																							
28. Attempts to break into House, Shop, etc.	1															1																							
32. Larceny in House to value of £5, etc.	1															1																							
43. Larceny from Dwelling House by Employees	1															1																							
44. Larceny of Postal Cycles	1															1																							
45. Larceny from Unattended Vehicle	1															1																							
49. Other Larcenies exceeding £5 in value	4															4																							
50. Other Larcenies (not exceeding £5 in value)	4															4																							
51. Other Offences (not exceeding £5 in value)	3															3																							
52. Obtaining Goods, etc., by False Pretences	3															3																							
TOTAL	52	1	6	2					27		9		1		6	41	35	2	40	1	1	1	1					21		10									

\* Particulars of Cases included in Columns 8 and 13 of Appendix G (1) and in Columns 8 and 14 of Appendix G (2) "Otherwise disposed of."

NATURE OF OFFENCES.	NUMBER OF CASES.	HOW DISPOSED OF.
16. Rape	1	Jury discharged - accused discharged.
43. Larceny from Dwelling House by Employees	1	Adjourned - "Sine die."
45. Larceny from Shop, etc.	1	Adjourned - "Sine die."
49. Other Larcenies exceeding £5 in value	1	Committed to Mental Hospital.
50. Other Larcenies (not exceeding £5 in value)	1	Admitted to hospital.
51. Other Offences (not exceeding £5 in value)	1	1 Admitted to hospital. 1 Adjourned - "Sine die."
52. Obtaining Goods, etc., by False Pretences	1	1 Admitted - "Sine die."
TOTAL	9	

## PART V.

## TABLE OF APPENDICES 1951—STATISTICS OF CRIME.

APPENDIX A ... which shows:—

A. (1). The number and nature of the indictable offences which became known to the police in 1951; the number of offences in which proceedings were instituted; the results of such proceedings; the number of persons proceeded against and the results of those proceedings.

A. (2). The details of the offences recorded in A. (1) under the heading "Other Indictable Offences."

In addition, particulars are given of the results of proceedings in the case of persons under the heading in A. (1) "Otherwise Disposed of," and the value of property stolen and recovered.

A. (3). Incidence of indictable offences and detections during years 1941-1951.

APPENDIX B ... which shows:—

The number of indictable offences, by groups, reported by each Garda Division and by the Garda Districts of the Cities of Cork, Galway, Limerick and Waterford, and the number and percentage of detections.

APPENDIX C ... which shows:—

C. (1). The number of persons proceeded against for non-indictable offences, the nature of the offences and the results of proceedings.

C. (2). The details of the offences recorded in C. (1) under the heading "Other Offences."

In addition, particulars are given of the results of proceedings in the case of persons under the heading "Otherwise Disposed of" in C. (1).

C. (3). The number of persons prosecuted for non-indictable offences against the Supplies and Services (Travelling Provisions) Act, 1946, and Orders, and the results of such proceedings.

C. (4). Number of Non-Indictable Offences prosecuted and number of convictions during years 1941-1951.

APPENDIX D ... which shows:—

D. (1). The number, sex and age of persons convicted of indictable offences and the nature of the offences.

D. (2). The number, sex and age of persons charged with indictable offences in respect of whom the Courts were held packed and who were dealt with under the Provisional Offenders Act.

APPENDIX E ... which shows:—

E. (1). The number, sex and age of persons not exceeding 18 years dealt with in 1951 for indictable offences; the nature of the offences and the results of the proceedings.

E. (2). The occupation of the persons charged; the value of property stolen and recovered; the previous criminal history (if any) of the offenders and their school attainments noted.

E. (3). The social and other circumstances of the offenders which are considered to have a bearing on their delinquency.

APPENDIX F ... which shows:—

F. (1). The number of juvenile offenders dealt with for indictable offences and the nature of the offences, by each Garda Division in the year 1951.

F. (2). In respect of juvenile offenders dealt with under the Provision of Offences Act in 1951, the number of times charged and the number of times the Provision Act was applied.

F. (3). The approximate weekly increase to the homes of juvenile offenders in 1951.

APPENDIX G ... which shows:—

G. (1). The results of proceedings in cases pending in 1950.

G. (2). Proceedings in cases which were reported in 1950 and detected in 1951.